### **BEER RECIPE:**

## **BELGIAN STYLE - BELGIAN STOUT**



# Come to the Dark Side - we have malt

Belgian stout is a unique beer between the Irish – British stout and the German – Austrian dark beers.

The beer is still very drinkable, not a real full mouthfeel, and not sweet. On the other hand the taste is not harsh or astringent. Higher in alcohol and medium in bitterness, this beer is even for pale beer drinkers a great favorite. It's an ideal beer to play with a lot of Dark Dingemans' malts.

	SPECIFICATIONS
OG@:	17 - 18°
AFG@:	3 - 4°
EBU@:	30 - 35
ABV@:	7 - 8%
EBC@:	150

### Ingredients

Extract yield:  $\pm 78\%$ 

Malt ingredients for Belgian Style - Belgian Stout			Hop ingredients: a mix of bitter and aroma hops (mass depends on the % alpha acids)	
PILSEN MD	30	7.5	Bitter: Magnum, Goldings, Challenger,	
PALE ALE MD	30	7.5	Flavour: Saaz, Perle, Tettnanger, Spalter,	
CARA 50 MD	25	6,25	<b>Aroma:</b> Hallertau Mittelfruh (HM), Styrian, Saaz, Goldings,	
SPECIAL B MD	10	2.5		
MROOST 900 MD	3	0,75		
MROOST 1400 MD	2	0.5	Yeast	
TOTAL	100	25 kg		
Extra			Belgian Abbey Ale yeast, US-05 or T58	
White candy sirup: up	to 15%			

## **Brewing Process**

Crystal sugar: up to 20%

### Programmed infusion process; pH 5.4

1. 60 ' at 63 °C

2. 30 ' at 72 °C

3. 1' at 78 °C; sparging at 80 °C

- boiling: 90 min;
- first hop: 10 min;
- second hop: 80 min;

### Rest of process

- Whirlpool or centrifuge
- Fermentation for 7 days at 21 °C
- Yeast collection
- Maturation or secondary fermentation for 1 week at 13 °C 15 °C
- Conditioning for 1 week at 0 °C 1 °C
- Remove the sediment.
- Bottling
- Refermentation in the bottle: 10 15 days at 21 22 °C (warm dark room)
- Refermentation sugar: Candi sugar, Cane sugar, high dextrins sugar

### Remarks:

The amount of sugar is in relation with:

- 1. residual sugar from main fermentation
- 2. residual CO2
- 3. the desired CO2 content e.g. 6-7 g / lit. CO2  $\,$

The amount of hop is also related to the isomerisation yield in the brewery.

#### Disclaimer: